# Kraig Biocraft Laboratories, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Condensed Balance Sheets

# ASSETS

		ne 30, 2009 Unaudited)	De	cember 31, 2008
Current Assets	(			
Cash	\$	5,402	\$	9,537
Prepaid Expenses	Ψ	8,165	Ψ	3,123
Total Assets	\$	13,567	\$	12,660
10tal ASSES	φ	13,307	φ	12,000
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	144,070	\$	65,750
Payroll Tax Payable		1,726	·	16,933
Royality agreement payable - related party		120,000		120,000
Accrued Expenses - related party		497,440		348,278
Total Current Liabilities		763,236		550,961
Commitments and Contingencies				
Stockholders' Deficit				
Preferred stock, no par value; unlimited shares authorized,				
none issued and outstanding		-		-
Common stock Class A, no par value; unlimited shares authorized,				
501,848,500 and 499,348,500 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		9,049,900		779,050
Common stock Class B, no par value; unlimited shares authorized,				
no shares issued and outstanding		-		-
Common Stock Issuable, 400,000 shares		4,000		4,000
Additional paid-in capital		42,060		42,060
Deficit accumulated during the development stage		(9,845,629)		(1,363,411)
Total Stockholders' Deficit		(749,669)		(538,301)
		(, 1, 3, 0, 0, 5)		(220,201)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	\$	13,567	\$	12,660

See accompanying notes to condensed unaudited financial statements

# Kraig Biocraft Laboratories, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Condensed Statements of Operations <u>(Unaudited)</u>

	For the Three	Months Ended	For the Six M	Ionths Ended	For the Period from April 25, 2006	(Inception) to 12/31/2008	
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	(Inception) to June 30, 2009		
Revenue	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -		
<b>Operating Expenses</b> General and Administrative	14,201	24,555	25,448	49,449	148,151	122,703	
Professional Fees	13,039	6,819	16,039	22,446	96,864	80,825	
Officer's Salary	55,084	51,967	110,169	103,933	763,903	653,734	
Contract Settlement	55,004	51,907	110,109	105,955	107,143	107,143	
Payroll Taxes	4,398	3,856	8,612	7,831	27,376	107,143	
Research and Development	51,963	5,261	57,908	21,186	432,917	375,009	
Total Operating Expenses	138,685	92,458	218,176	204,845	1,576,354	1,358,178	
Total Operating Expenses	156,065	92,438	218,170	204,645	1,370,334	1,556,176	
Loss from Operations	(138,685)	(92,458)	(218,176)	(204,845)	(1,576,354)	(1,358,178)	
Other Income/(Expenses)							
Other income	-	-	-	2,781	2,781	2,781	
Interest expense	(10,248)		(18,192)	-	(26,206)	(8,014)	
Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(10,248)		(18,192)	2,781	(23,425)	(5,233)	
Net Loss before Provision for					<i></i>		
Income Taxes	(148,933)	(92,458)	(236,368)	(202,064)	(1,599,779)		
Provision for Income Taxes							
Net Loss	<u>\$ (148,933)</u>	<u>\$ (92,458)</u>	\$ (236,368)	\$ (202,064)	<u>\$ (1,599,779)</u>	(1,363,411)	
Net Loss Per Share - Basic and Diluted	<u>\$ (0.00</u> )	<u>\$ (0.00</u> )	<u>\$ (0.00</u> )	<u>\$ (0.00</u> )			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period - Basic and Diluted	501,035,313	499,748,500	500,196,566	499,717,560			

See accompanying notes to condensed unaudited financial statements

# Kraig Biocraft Laboratories, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Condensed Statement of Changes in Stockholders Deficit For the period from April 25, 2006 (inception) to June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

	Prefer Stoo Shares		Common Class Shares		Common - Clas Shares		Common Class A To be i Shares	Shares	APIC	Deficit Accumulated during Development Stage	Total
	Shares	r ai	Shares	r ai	Shares	r ai	Shares	r ai	AL	Stage	Total
Balance, April											
25, 2006		\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Stock issued to founder	-	-	332,292,000	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	180
Stock issued for services											
(\$.01/share)	-	-	17,500,000	140,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	140,000
Stock issued for services (\$.01/share)			700,000	5,600							5,600
	-	-	700,000	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Stock contributed by											
shareholder	-	-	(11,666,500)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash (\$.05/share)	-	_	4,000	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Stock issued											
for cash (\$.05/share)	-	-	4,000	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Fair value of											
warrants issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,435	-	126,435
Net Loss										(530,321)	(530,321)
Balance, December 31, 2006	-	-	338,833,500	146,180	-	-	-	-	126,435	(530,321)	(257,706)
Stock issued											
for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	1,750,000	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000

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Stock issued for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	12,000,000	103,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,000
Stock issued for cash (\$.0003/share)	-	-	9,000,000	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Stock issued for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	1,875,000	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Stock issued for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	1,875,000	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Stock issued for services (\$.01/share)	-	-	2,000,000	16,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,000
Stock issued for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	13,125,000	105,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,000
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	80,495,000	241,485	-	-	-	-	-	-	241,485
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	200,000	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	8,300,000	24,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,900
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	25,000	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	75
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	120,000	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	360
Stock issued for cash (\$.003/share)	-	-	1,025,000	3,075		-		-	-	-	3,075
Stock issued in connection to cash offering	-	_	28,125,000	84,375	_	-	_	- (84	4,375)	-	-
Stock issued for services (\$.01/share)	_	-	600,000	6,000	_	_	-	_	-	-	6,000
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Net loss, for the year ended December 31, 2007										(472,986)	(472,986)
Balance, December 31, 2007	-	-	499,348,500	779,050	-	-	-	-	42,060	(1,003,307)	(182,197)
Stock issuable for services (\$.01/share)	-	-	. <u>-</u>	-	-	-	400,000	4,000	-	-	4,000
Net loss, for the year ended December 31, 2008							<u> </u>			(360,104)	(360,104)
Balance, for the year ended December 31, 2008	-	-	499,348,500	779,050	-	-	400,000	4,000	42,060	(1,363,411)	(538,301)
Stock issued for cash (\$.01/share)	-	-	2,500,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,000
Stock dividend	-	-	-	8,245,850	-	-	-	-	-	(8,245,850)	-
Net loss for the period ended June 30, 2009	-	-	. <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	(236,368)	(236,368)
Balance, for the period ended June 30, 2009		\$ -	501,848,500	\$9,049,900		<u>\$                                    </u>	400,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 42,060	\$ (9,845,629)	\$(749,669)

See accompanying notes to condensed unaudited financial statements

12/8/2009

# Kraig Biocraft Laboratories, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	For	the Six Month 2009	For the Period from April 25, 2006 (Inception) to June 30, 2009	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net Loss	\$	(236,368)	\$ (202,064)	) \$ (1,599,779)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations				
Stock issuable for services		-	4,000	171,780
Warrants issued to employees		-	-	126,435
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase)Decrease in prepaid expenses		(5,042)	4,036	
Increase in accrued expenses and other payables - related party		131,653	(23,587)	
Increase in royality agreement payable - related party		-	120,000	,
Increase in accounts payable		80,622	24,017	144,070
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(29,135)	(73,598)	) (546,493)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from Notes Payable - Stockholder		-	-	10,000
Repayments of Notes Payable - Stockholder		-	-	(10,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		25,000		551,895
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		25,000		551,895
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(4,135)	(73,598)	) 5,402
Cash at Beginning of Period		9,537	105,818	
Cash at End of Period	\$	5,402	\$ 32,220	\$ 5,402
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for taxes	\$	-	\$	\$
<u>Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:</u> Shares issued in connection with stock dividend	\$	8,245,850	\$	\$ 8,245,850

# SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON CASH ITEMS

During the period ended December 31, 2006, the principal stockholder contributed 11,666,500 shares of common stock to the Company as an in kind contribution of stock. The shares were retired by the Company.

In accordance with the May 2007 stock purchase agreement which contains an anti-dilution clause which requires the Company to issue additional common shares under the stock purchase agreement for any subsequent issuance at a price below \$.08 per share for a period of 12 months. The Company has issued 28,125,000 additional shares through September 2007 as a result of the subsequent stock issuances in the amount of \$84,375 (\$0.003/share).

# See accompanying notes to condensed unaudited financial statements

### NOTE1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ORGANIZATION

#### (A) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in The United States of America and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the information necessary for a comprehensive presentation of financial position and results of operations.

It is management's opinion, however that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair financial statements presentation. The results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year.

Activities during the development stage include developing the business plan and raising capital.

#### (B) Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (C) Cash

For purposes of the cash flow statements, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

### (D) Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted net loss per common share is computed based upon the weighted average common shares outstanding as defined by Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share." As of June 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company does not have any dilutive securities outstanding.

### (E) Research and Development Costs

The Company expenses all research and development costs as incurred for which there is no alternative future use. These costs also include the expensing of employee compensation and employee stock based compensation.

### (F) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("Statement 109"). Under Statement 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under Statement 109, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

### (G) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123R and related interpretations as provided by SAB 107. As such, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant at their fair value. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the option grant.

Common stock, stock options and common stock warrants issued to other than employees or directors are recorded on the basis of their fair value, as required by SFAS No. 123(R), which is measured as of the date required by EITF Issue 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services." In accordance with EITF 96-18, the stock options or common stock warrants are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model on the basis of the market price of the underlying common stock on the "valuation date," which for options and warrants related to contracts that have substantial disincentives to non-performance is the date of the contract, and for all other contracts is the vesting date. Expense related to the options and warrants is recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the period over which services are to be received or the vesting period. Where expense must be recognized prior to a valuation date, the expense is computed under the Black-Scholes option pricing model on the basis of the underlying common stock at the end of the period, and any subsequent changes in the market price of the underlying common stock at the end of the period, and any subsequent changes in the subsequent period in which that change occurs.

### (H) Business Segments

The Company operates in one segment and therefore segment information is not presented.

#### (I) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events" ("SFAS 165"). SFAS 165 establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. SFAS 165 sets forth (1) The period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, (2) The circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements and (3) The disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. SFAS 165 is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of this statement did not have any effect on the financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 166 "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140" ("SFAS 166"). SFAS 166 improves the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a transfer of financial assets; the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows; and a transferor's continuing involvement, if any, in transferred financial assets. SFAS 166 is effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact the adoption of SFAS 166 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 167 "Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)" ("SFAS 167"). SFAS 167 improves financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities and to address (1) the effects on certain provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities", as a result of the elimination of the qualifying special-purpose entity concept in SFAS 166 and (2) constituent concerns about the application of certain key provisions of Interpretation 46(R), including those in which the accounting and disclosures under the Interpretation do not always provide timely and useful information about an enterprise's involvement in a variable interest entity. SFAS 167 is effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period, and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact the adoption of SFAS 167 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168 "The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles—a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162". The FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") will be the single source of authoritative nongovernmental U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. SFAS 168 is effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. All existing accounting standards are superseded as described in SFAS 168. All other accounting literature not included in the Codification is nonauthoritative. The Codification is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

# (J) Reclassification

The 2008 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2009 presentation.

#### NOTE 2 GOING CONCERN

As reflected in the accompanying unaudited financial statements, the Company is in the development stage, has a working capital deficiency and stockholders deficiency of \$749,669 and used \$546,493 of cash in operations from inception. This raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional capital and implement its business plan. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Management believes that actions presently being taken to obtain additional funding and implement its strategic plans provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE3 STOCKHOLDERS' DEFCIT

#### (A) Common Stock Issued for Cash

On April 28, 2006, the Company issued 8,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$400 (\$0.05 per share).

On January 8, 2007 the Company issued 1,750,000 shares of common stock for \$15,000 (\$0.01/share). This agreement was subsequently terminated effective May 23, 2007.

On January 22, 2007 the Company issued 12,000,000 shares of common stock for \$103,000 (\$0.01/share). In addition, 9,000,000 shares were issued for \$3,000 (\$0.0003/share).

On April 4, 2007, the Company issued 1,875,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$15,000 (\$0.01 per share).

On April 20, 2007, the Company issued 1,875,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$15,000 (\$0.01 per share).

On May 18, 2007, the Company issued 13,125,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$105,000 (\$0.01 per share).

On August 28, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 80,495,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$241,485 (\$0.003/share).

On August 29, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 200,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$600 (\$0.003/share).

On August 29, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 8,300,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$24,900 (\$0.003/share).

On September 1, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 25,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$75 (\$0.003/share).

On September 5, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 120,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$360 (\$0.003/share).

On September 12, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to issue 1,025,000 shares common stock in the amount of \$3,075 (\$0.003/share).

In accordance with the May 2007 stock purchase agreement which contains an anti-dilution clause which requires the Company to issue additional common shares under the stock purchase agreement for any subsequent issuance at a price below \$.08 per share for a period of 12 months, the Company has issued 28,125,000 additional shares through September 2007 as a result of the subsequent stock issuances at \$0.003/share.

On April 24, 2009 the Company issued 2,000,000 shares of common stock for \$20,000 (\$0.01/share).

On May 22, 2009, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock for \$5,000 (\$0.01/share).

#### (B) Common Stock Issued for Intellectual Property

On April 26, 2006, the Company issued 332,292,000 shares of common stock to its founder having a fair value of \$180 (\$0.000001/share) in exchange for intellectual property. The fair value of the patent was determined based upon the historical cost of the intellectual property contributed by the founder.

#### (C) Common Stock Issued for Services

On May 8, 2006, the Company entered into a license agreement for research and development. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company issued 17,500,000 shares of common stock upon execution of the agreement. The Company also received a five-year call option from the license holder to repurchase 7,000,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$150,000 or \$.02 per share. The option gives the Company the right, but not the obligation to repurchase the shares of common stock. The call option expires May 4, 2011. As of June 30, 2009 the value of the stock was \$.02 per share. However, the Company does not have the obligation to repurchase the shares.

On July 1, 2006 the Company entered into a five year consulting agreement for research and development. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company paid 700,000 shares of common stock upon execution. These shares had a fair value of \$5,600 (\$0.01/share) based upon the recent cash offering price. Additionally, 2,000,000 shares of common stock were issued on May 18, 2007 with a fair value of \$16,000 (\$0.01/share). As of December 31, 2008, the Company issued 600,000 shares of common stock for consulting services rendered with a fair value of \$6,000 (\$0.01/share). On January 15, 2008 the Company authorized the issuance of 400,000 shares of common stock for consulting services rendered with a fair value of \$4,000 (\$0.01/share).

### (D) Cancellation and Retirement of Common Stock

On December 29, 2006, the Company's founder returned 11,666,500 shares of common stock to the Company. These shares were cancelled and retired. Accordingly, the net effect on equity is \$0.

#### (E) Common Stock Warrants

During 2006, the Company issued 4,200,000 warrants to an officer under his employment agreement. The Company recognized an expense of \$126,435 for the period from inception to December 31, 2006. The Company recorded the fair value of the warrants based on the fair value of each warrant grant estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for grants in 2006, dividend yield of zero, expected volatility of 183%; risk-free interest rates of 4.98%, expected life of one year. The warrants vested immediately. The options expire between 5 and 9 years from the date of issuance and have an exercise price of between \$.21 and \$.40 per share. During November 2006, the Company and the officer entered into an amendment to the employment agreement whereby all the warrants were retired.

#### (F) Amendment to Articles of Incorporation

On February 16, 2009, the Company amended its articles of incorporation to amend the number and class of shares the Company is authorized to issue as follows:

- Common stock Class A, unlimited number of shares authorized, no par value
- Common stock Class B, unlimited number of shares authorized, no par value
- Preferred stock, unlimited number of shares authorized, no par value

### (G) Stock Split Effected in the Form of a Stock Dividend

On March 23, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors declared a nine-for-one stock dividend. The stock split was distributed to shareholders of record as of April 27, 2009. A total of 449,773,650 shares of common stock were issued. All basic and diluted loss per share and average shares outstanding information has been adjusted to reflect the aforementioned stock dividend.

### NOTE4 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### (A) Employment Agreement

On April 26, 2006, the Company entered into a five-year employment agreement with the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The agreement renews annually so that at all times, the term of the agreement is five years. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company will pay an annual base salary of \$185,000 for the period May 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006. Base pay will be increased each January 1<sup>st</sup>, for the subsequent twelve month periods by six percent. The officer will also be entitled to life, disability, health and dental insurance. In addition, the officer received 700,000 five year warrants at an exercise price of \$.21 per share, 1,500,000 eight year warrants at an exercise price of \$.33 per share and 2,000,000 nine year warrants at an exercise price of \$.40 per share (See Note 3(E)). The warrants fully vested on the date of grant. The agreement also calls for the issuance of warrants and increase in the officer's base compensation upon the Company reaching certain milestones:

- 1. Upon the Company's successful laboratory development of a new silk fiber composed of one or more proteins that are exogenous to a host, the Company will issue 500,000 eight year warrants at an exercise price of \$.20 per share and raise executive's base salary by 14%.
- 2. Upon the Company's successful laboratory development of a new silk fiber composed of two or more proteins that are exogenous to a host, the Company will issue 600,000 eight year warrants at an exercise price of \$.18 per share and raise executive's base salary by 15%.
- 3. Upon the Company's successful laboratory development of a new silk fiber composed of at least in part of one or more synthetic proteins, the Company will issue 900,000 eight year warrants at an exercise price of \$.18 per share and raise executive's base salary by 18%.

- 4. Upon the Company's successful laboratory development of a new silk fiber composed of at least in part of one or more proteins that are genetic modifications or induced mutations of a host silk protein, the Company will raise the executive's base salary by 8%.
- 5. Upon the Company becoming either a registered company or upon its stock trading and the company achieving a market capitalization in excess of \$35 million for over 120 calendar day period, the executive's base salary will increase to \$225,000.
- 6. Upon the Company becoming either a registered company or upon its stock trading and the company achieving a market capitalization in excess of \$65 million for over 91 calendar day period, the executive's base salary will increase to \$260,000.
- 7. Upon the Company becoming either a registered company or upon its stock trading and the company achieving a market capitalization in excess of \$100 million for over 91 calendar day period, the executive's base salary will increase to \$290,000.
- 8. Upon the Company becoming either a registered company or upon its stock trading and the company achieving a market capitalization in excess of \$200 million for over 120 calendar day period, the executive's base salary will increase to \$365,000.
- 9. Upon the Company becoming either a registered company or upon its stock trading and the company achieving a market capitalization in excess of \$350 million for over 150 calendar day period, the executive's base salary will increase to \$420,000.

On November 6, 2006, the Company entered into an addendum to the employment agreement whereby the officer agreed to retire all stock warrants issued or to be issued under his employment agreement in return for an increase in his severance allowance to \$600,000 or seventy five percent of total salary due under the remaining term of the employment agreement, which ever is greater and a death benefit of \$300,000 or thirty five percent of the total salary due under the remaining term of the employment agreement.

In addition, upon expiration or termination of the employment agreement, the Company agrees to keep the officer employed as a consultant for a period of six years at a rate of \$4,000 per month with annual increases of 3%. The agreement also calls for certain increases based on milestones reached by the company, including:

1. If the company achieves gross sales exceeding \$10 million or net income exceeding \$1 million for any two years within the ten year period after the date of this agreement or a market capitalization in excess of \$45 million for over 180 calendar days within six years from the date of this agreement, the term of the consulting agreement will be extended to 10 years.

2. If the company achieves gross sales exceeding \$19 million or net income exceeding \$3 million for any two years within the twelve year period after the date of this agreement or a market capitalization in excess of \$65 million for over 180 calendar days within six years from the date of this agreement, the term of the consulting agreement will be extended to 20 years or the life of the officer and his spouse at a rate of \$6,500 per month with a 3% annual increase.

3. If the company achieves gross sales exceeding \$38 million or net income exceeding \$6 million for any two years within the twelve year period after the date of this agreement or a market capitalization in excess of \$120 million for over 180 calendar days within six years from the date of this agreement, the term of the consulting agreement will be extended to 20 years or the life of the officer and his spouse at a rate of \$10,000 per month with a 3% annual increase.

4. If the company achieves gross sales exceeding \$59 million or net income exceeding \$9 million for any year within the twelve year period after the date of this agreement or a market capitalization in excess of \$210 million for over 180 calendar days within six years from the date of this agreement, the term of the consulting agreement will be extended to 20 years or the life of the officer and his spouse at a rate of \$15,000 per month with a 3% annual increase.

5. If the company achieves gross sales exceeding \$78 million or net income exceeding \$12 million for any year within the twelve year period after the date of this agreement or a market capitalization in excess of \$320 million for over 180 calendar days within six years from the date of this agreement, the term of the consulting agreement will be extended to 20 years or the life of the officer and his spouse at a rate of \$20,000 per month with a 3% annual increase.

On October 10, 2008, the Company entered into an addendum to the employment agreement whereby all unpaid back salary will accrue interest at 7% per year. At June 30, 2009, the Company recorded interest expense and related accrued interest payable of \$19,377. In addition, the Company granted the CEO the right to convert any accrued salary into Class "A" Common Stock at either 1) The lowest price at which the Company's Class "A" Common Stock has traded over the preceding twelve month period, 2) At the lowest bid price for the preceding thirty days, 3) The lowest price paid in cash for the Class "A" Common Stock during the twelve months preceding the conversion. The conversion price is the lesser of options 1-3 or \$0.002. As of June 30, 2009, no accrued salary has been converted to Class "A" Common Stock. As of June 30, 2009 the Company owes \$443,625 in accrued salary (See Note 5).

#### (B)License Agreement

On May 8, 2006, the Company entered into a license agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company paid a non-refundable license fee of \$10,000. The Company will pay a license maintenance fee of \$10,000 on the one year anniversary of this agreement and each year thereafter. The Company will pay an annual research fee of \$13,700 with first payment due January 2007, then on each subsequent anniversary of the effective date commencing May 4, 2007. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement the Company may be required to pay additional fees aggregating up to a maximum of \$10,000 a year for patent maintenance and prosecution relating to the licensed intellectual property. As of June 30, 2009, the Company has not made the required payments and has accrued \$45,602 under the agreement (See Note 3(C))

#### (C)Royalty and Research Agreements

On May 1, 2008 the Company entered into a five year consulting agreement for research and development. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company will be required to pay \$1,000 per month, or at the Company's option, the consulting fee may be paid in the form of Company common stock based upon the greater of \$0.05 per share or the average of the closing price of the Company's shares over the five days preceding such stock issuance. As of June 30, 2009 the Company accrued \$14,000 of accounts payable for the services provided. These services were paid in common stock on July 1, 2009 (see Note 6).

On December 26, 2006, the Company entered into an addendum to the intellectual property transfer agreement with an officer. In consideration of the Company issuing either 200,000 preferred shares with the following preferences; no dividends and voting rights equal to 100 common shares per share of preferred stock or the payment of \$120,000, the officer agreed to terminate the royalty payments due under the agreement and give title to the exclusive license for the non protective apparel use of the intellectual property to the Company. On the date of the agreement, the Company did not have any preferred stock authorized with the required preferences. In accordance with SFAS 150, the Company determined that the present value of the payment of \$120,000 that was due on December 26, 2007, the one year anniversary of the addendum, should be recorded as an accrued expense until such time as the Company has the ability to assert that it has preferred shares authorized. As of June 30, 2009, the Company has recorded \$120,000 in accrued expenses- related party. On December 21, 2007 the officer extended the due date to July 30, 2008. On May 30, 2008 the officer extended the due date to December 31, 2008. On October 10, 2008, the officer extended the due date to the earlier of (a) March 30, 2010 or (b) upon demand by the officer. Additionally, the accrued expenses are accruing 7% interest per year. At June 30, 2009, the Company recorded interest expense and related accrued interest payable of \$6,053.

On February 1, 2007 the Company entered into a consulting agreement for research and development for period of one year at a cost of \$150,000. In April 2008, this agreement was extended through March 31, 2009 on a cost reimbursement basis. Reimbursements are to be made quarterly and are not to exceed \$35,000. As of today, the Company is negotiating a new consulting agreement.

On July 1, 2006 the Company entered into a five year consulting agreement for research and development. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company paid 700,000 shares of common stock upon execution. These shares had a fair value of \$5,600 (\$0.01/share) based upon the recent cash offering price. Additionally, 2,000,000 shares of common stock were issued on May 18, 2007 with a fair value of \$16,000 (\$0.01/share). As of December 31, 2008, the Company issued 600,000 shares of common stock for consulting services rendered with a fair value of \$6,000 (\$0.01/share). On January 15, 2008 the Company authorized the issuance of 400,000 shares of common stock for consulting services rendered with a fair value of \$4,000 (\$0.01/share).

# NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On October 6, 2006 the Company received \$10,000 from a principal stockholder. Pursuant to the terms of the loan, the advance bears interest at 12%, is unsecured and matures on May 1, 2007. At June 30, 2009, the Company recorded interest expense and related accrued interest payable of \$776. As of June 30, 2009, the loan principle was repaid.

On December 26, 2006, the Company entered into an addendum to the intellectual property transfer agreement with an officer. In consideration of the Company issuing either 200,000 preferred shares with the following preferences; no dividends and voting rights equal to 100 common shares per share of preferred stock or the payment of \$120,000, the officer agreed to terminate the royalty payments due under the agreement and give title to the exclusive license for the non protective apparel use of the intellectual property to the Company. On the date of the agreement, the Company did not have any preferred stock authorized with the required preferences. In accordance with SFAS 150, the Company determined that the present value of the payment of \$120,000 that was due on December 26, 2007, the one year anniversary of the addendum, should be recorded as an accrued expense until such time as the Company has the ability to assert that it has preferred shares authorized. As of June 30, 2009, the Company has recorded \$120,000 in royalty agreement payable- related party. On December 21, 2007 the officer extended the due date to July 30, 2008. On May 30, 2008 the officer extended the due date to March 31, 2009. On October 10, 2008, the officer extended the due date to the earlier of (a) March 30, 2010 or (b) upon demand by the officer. Additionally, the accrued expenses are accruing 7% interest per year. At June 30, 2009, the Company recorded interest expense and related accrued interest payable of \$6,053 (See Note 4 (C).

As of June 30, 2009 the Company owes \$443,625 in accrued salary to principal stockholder. On October 10, 2008, the Company entered into an addendum to the employment agreement whereby all unpaid back salary will accrue interest at 7% per year. At June 30, 2009, the Company recorded interest expense and related accrued interest payable of \$19,377. In addition, the Company granted the CEO the right to convert any accrued salary into Class "A" Common Stock at either 1) The lowest price at which the Company's Class "A" Common Stock has traded over the preceding twelve month period, 2) At the lowest bid price for the preceding thirty days, 3) The lowest price paid in cash for the Class "A" Common Stock during the twelve months preceding the conversion. The conversion price is the lesser of options 1-3 or \$0.002. As of June 30, 2009, no accrued salary has been converted to Class "A" Common Stock (See Note 4(A)).

#### NOTE 6 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated the events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 15, 2009, the date the financial statements were issued.

On July 1, 2009, the issuance of 280,000 shares was approved by the board of directors as repayment for services previously provided to the Company by a consultant having a fair value of \$14,000 (\$0.05/share) in accordance with a consulting agreement (see Note 3(C)).

On July 1, 2009, the issuance of 482,825 shares was approved by the board of directors as partial payment for services previously provided to the Company by a consultant in accordance with a consulting agreement. The total amount of issuable shares for the consultant is 882,825 shares, which includes 400,000 issuable shares previously approved by the board of directors. (see Note 3(C)).

On July 17, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with an investor group where the Company will issue up to \$120,000 in convertible units. The debentures will be in the face amount of \$10,000 each, mature on December 31, 2010, bear interest at the rate of 5% simple interest per annum, payable at maturity or convertible with the principal, and the principal and interest shall be convertible at the option of the holder at a fixed price of \$0.018 per share. Each debenture shall have a warrant attached exercisable for the purchase of 500,000 shares of common stock. The warrants shall expire on December 31, 2011, have a cashless exercise provision, and be exercisable at a fixed price of \$0.02. The agreement also requires the investment group to purchase up to \$1,000,000 of common stock monthly at the lesser of \$75,000 or 200% of the average daily volume multiplied by the average of the daily closing prices for the ten days immediately preceding the exercise date. Each investment by the investment group is priced at the lowest closing "bid" price of the common stock during the five days immediately before the investment. The term of the funding shall be the earlier of (a) the drawing down of the entire \$1,000,000 or (b) 24 months after the Effective Date, July 17, 2011. In addition, the Company is required to file and maintain an effective registration statement covering the convertible units, cannot issue more than 5% of its common stock outstanding without the investor group's consent and must maintain a contractual relationship with a public relations firm. The Company has issued \$90,000 of convertible debt to date.

On August 3, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide investor relations services. The Company issued 10,000,000 shares with a fair value of \$100,000 (\$0.01/share) to a consultant for investor relations to be provided over a term of six months through February 3, 2010.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

Certain statements contained herein, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes", "anticipates", "expects" and words of similar import, constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Such factors include, among others, the following: international, national and local general economic and market conditions: demographic changes; the ability of the Company to sustain, manage or forecast its growth; the ability of the Company to successfully make and integrate acquisitions; raw material costs and availability; new product development and introduction; existing government regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulations; adverse publicity; competition; the loss of significant customers or suppliers; fluctuations and difficulty in forecasting operating results; changes in business strategy or development plans; business disruptions; the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; the ability to protect technology; and other factors referenced in this and previous filings.

Given these uncertainties, readers of this prospectus and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

### Plan of Operations

During the next twelve months, we expect to take the following steps in connection with the further development of our business and the implementation of our plan of operations:

- We expect to spend up to \$35,000 per quarter through March 2010 on collaborative research and development of high strength polymers at the University of Notre Dame. We believe that this research is essential to our product development. If our financing will allow, management will give strong consideration to accelerating the pace of spending on research and development within the University of Notre Dame's laboratories. No fees have been accrued under these terms to date.
- We expect to spend approximately \$13,700 on collaborative research and development of high strength polymers and spider silk protein at the University of Wyoming over the next twelve months. We believe that this research is important to our product development. This level of research spending at the university is also a requirement of our licensing agreement with the university. If our financing will allow, management will give strong consideration to accelerating the pace of spending on research and development within the University of Wyoming's laboratories.
- » We will actively consider pursuing collaborative research opportunities with other university laboratories in the area of high strength polymers. If our financing will allow, management will give strong consideration to increasing the depth of our research to include polymer production technologies that are closely related to our core research
- » We will consider buying an established revenue producing company which is operating in the biotechnology arena, in order to broaden our financial base and increase our research and development capability. We expect to use a combination of stock and cash for any such purchase.
- » We will also actively consider pursuing collaborative research opportunities with university laboratories in areas of research which overlap the company's existing research and development. One such potential area for collaborative research which the company is considering is protein expression platforms. If our financing will allow, management will give strong consideration to increasing the breadth of our research to include protein expression platform technologies.

# **Limited Operating History**

We have not previously demonstrated that we will be able to expand our business through an increased investment in our research and development efforts. We cannot guarantee that the research and development efforts described in this Registration Statement will be successful. Our business is subject to risks inherent in growing an enterprise, including limited capital resources, risks inherent in the research and development process and possible rejection of our products in development.

If financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to continue expanding our operations. Equity financing will result in a dilution to existing shareholders.

# Results of Operations for the Three Months ended June 30, 2009.

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2009 was \$0. This compares to \$0 in revenue for the preceding three months ended June 30, 2008. No sales are anticipated during the next twelve months as the company will remain in the development stage.

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2009 were \$138,685. This compares to \$92,458 in expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2008. Research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2009 were \$51,963. This compares to \$5,261 spent on research and development during the three months ended June 30, 2008. In addition, we had the following expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2009: general and administrative \$14,201, professional fees \$13,309, officer's salary \$55,084 and payroll taxes \$4,398. This compares to the same expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2008: general and administrative \$24,555, professional fees \$6,819, officer's salary \$51,967 and payroll taxes \$3,856.

### Results of Operations for the Six Months ended June 30, 2009.

Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was \$0. This compares to \$0 in revenue for the preceding six months ended June 30, 2008. No sales are anticipated during the next twelve months as the company will remain in the development stage.

Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2009 were \$218,176. This compares to \$204,845 in expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2008. Research and development expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2009 were \$57,908. This compares to \$21,186 spent on research and development during the six months ended June 30, 2008. In addition, we had the following expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2009: general and administrative \$25,448, professional fees \$16,039, officer's salary \$110,169 and payroll taxes \$8,612. This compares to the same expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2008: general and administrative \$49,449, professional fees \$22,446, officer's salary \$103,933 and payroll taxes \$7,831.

# Capital Resources and Liquidity

As of June 30, 2009 we had \$5,402 in cash compared to \$9,537 as of December 31, 2008.

We believe we can not satisfy our cash requirements for the next twelve months with our current cash. Completion of our plan of operation is subject to attaining adequate financing. We cannot assure investors that adequate financing will be available. In the absence of such financing, we may be unable to proceed with our plan of operations.

We anticipate that our operational, and general & administrative expenses for the next 12 months will total approximately \$400,000. We do not anticipate the purchase or sale of any significant equipment. We also do not expect any significant additions to the number of employees. The foregoing represents our best estimate of our cash needs based on current planning and business conditions. The exact allocation, purposes and timing of any monies raised in subsequent private financings may vary significantly depending upon the exact amount of funds raised and our progress with the execution of our business plan.

In the event we are not successful in obtaining financing, we may not be able to proceed with our business plan for the research and development of our products. We anticipate that we will incur operating losses in the foreseeable future. Therefore, our auditors have raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

On March 23, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors declared a nine-for-one stock dividend. The stock dividend was distributed to shareholders of record on April 27, 2009. A total of 449,773,650 shares of common stock were issued. All basic and diluted loss per share and average shares outstanding information has been adjusted to reflect the aforementioned stock dividend.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our financial statements and related public financial information are based on the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). GAAP requires the use of estimates; assumptions, judgments and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on the assets, liabilities, revenue and expense amounts reported. These estimates can also affect supplemental information contained in our external disclosures including information regarding contingencies, risk and financial condition. We believe our use if estimates and underlying accounting assumptions adhere to GAAP and are consistently and conservatively applied. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates

#### 12/8/2009

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under different assumptions or conditions. We continue to monitor significant estimates made during the preparation of our financial statements.

Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 of our financial statements. While all these significant accounting policies impact its financial condition and results of operations, we view certain of these policies as critical. Policies determined to be critical are those policies that have the most significant impact on our financial statements and require management to use a greater degree of judgment and estimates. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Our management believes that given current facts and circumstances, it is unlikely that applying any other reasonable judgments or estimate methodologies would cause effect on our results of operations, financial position or liquidity for the periods presented in this report.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events" ("SFAS 165"). SFAS 165 establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. SFAS 165 sets forth (1) The period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, (2) The circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements and (3) The disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. SFAS 165 is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of this statement did not have any effect on the financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 166 "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140" ("SFAS 166"). SFAS 166 improves the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a transfer of financial assets; the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows; and a transferor's continuing involvement, if any, in transferred financial assets. SFAS 166 is effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact the adoption of SFAS 166 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 167 "Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)" ("SFAS 167"). SFAS 167 improves financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities and to address (1) the effects on certain provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities", as a result of the elimination of the qualifying special-purpose entity concept in SFAS 166 and (2) constituent concerns about the application of certain key provisions of Interpretation 46(R), including those in which the accounting and disclosures under the Interpretation do not always provide timely and useful information about an enterprise's involvement in a variable interest entity. SFAS 167 is effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period, and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact the adoption of SFAS 167 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168 "The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles—a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162". The FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") will be the single source of authoritative nongovernmental U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. SFAS 168 is effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. All existing accounting standards are superseded as described in SFAS 168. All other accounting literature not included in the Codification is nonauthoritative. The Codification is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, also known as "special purpose entities" (SPEs).

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not required for Smaller Reporting Companies.

### Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

a) *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls.* Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), the Company carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") (the Company's principal financial and accounting officer), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within

#### 12/8/2009

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the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) *Changes in internal control over financial reporting.* There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are currently not involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of our companies or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

#### Item 5. Other Information.

None.

### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports of Form 8-K.

(a) Exhibits

31.1 Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

# (b) Reports of Form 8-K

None.

Date: August 13, 2009

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KRAIG BIOCRAFT LABORATORIES, INC.

By: /s/ Kim Thompson

Kim Thompson Chief Executive Officer